Missing millions

Up to 14 million older people with disabilities may be affected by humanitarian crises. But they are largely **excluded from humanitarian response**.



We explored the experiences of older people with disabilities in different humanitarian contexts.



Reviewed

literature and humanitarian guidelines.

Humanitarian

assistance

Lack of information

• Out-of-reach services

• Unequal distributions

• Discriminatory attitudes

• Inaccessible and unaffordable

· Less included in decision-

· Barriers to inclusion in society

• Difficulty with daily activities

making processes

Participation



Analysed data from populationbased surveys.



What we found In humanitarian crises older people with disabilities face barriers to accessing:

Income

- Less opportunity to work
- Too low pensions
- Restrictive systems for claiming social protection

Pyschological wellbeing

- Lower quality of life
- Social isolation and loneliness
- Poorer mental health
- Stigma and discrimination

Things that work

- Assistive devices
- Accessible infrastructure and transport
- Inclusive social activities
- Inclusive aid distribution systems
- Support from family and neighbours
- Home visits by support services

transport

• More health problems

Health

- Out-of-reach services
- Unaffordable treatment
- Shortage of medicines
- Lack of rehabilitation services • Mixed attitudes of staff

Protection

Difficulty escaping danger

What's working now

• Some collaboration

between age and

awareness raising

Training and

disability organisations

- Unsuitable housing
- Risk of theft

About humanitarian actors

Gaps in response

- Disconnect between age and disability
- Efforts to be inclusive not always successful
- Challenges to being participatory
- Mixed approaches on data collection
- Lack of long-term funding for this work

"Sometimes I tighten a rope around my stomach and sleep on my stomach because I'm so hungry."

62-year-old woman, Tanzania

"When people lower their voice at a meeting, I can't hear them. I'm not involved."

81-year-old man, Ukraine

5 ways forward

Demonstrate leadership and institutional will

- Use the Humanitarian Inclusion Standards for Older People and People with Disabilities.
- Strengthen alliances between disability and age-focused organisations.
- Ensure that NGO senior staff are accountable for the inclusion of older people with disabilities.
- Support humanitarian response work only where data that is fully disaggregated by sex, age and disability is used.

Strengthen evidence and data

- Routinely collect, analyse and use data on sex, age and disability throughout the programme, including data on mental health and cognitive impairment.
- Identify the specific experiences, needs and capacities of older people with disabilities.

Promote participation and empowerment

- · Support humanitarian actors to better understand protection risks for older people with disabilities.
- Invest in activities to tackle age and disability discrimination.

Research by the International Centre for Evidence in Disability. London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine and HelpAge International.

Copyright © HelpAge International 2018



MEDICINE





Interviewed

older people with disabilities in Western Tanzania and Eastern Ukraine, and humanitarian actors.



Put inclusion principles into practice

 Support non-specialist organisations to include older men and women at all stages of the response.

• Support welfare state departments and service providers to make services accessible, for example any existing social protection schemes.

• Remove barriers that may limit older people's participation, and advocate for low-cost adaptations to enable safer, more independent living for older people with disabilities.

Change attitudes and approaches

• Recognise the rights, participation and capabilities of older people with disabilities.

• Support older people, their families and carers to advocate for rights and to understand the value of enabling older people with disabilities to participate in society.

• Use existing tools, training and guidance to include older people with disabilities in all stages of humanitarian response.

Learn more at helpage.org/missingmillions

This report was funded by a grant from the United States Department of State, Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration.

